(XLIVth YEAR.) THE (No. 2178.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 9, 1788.

CONSTANTINOPLE, *May* 22.

A COURIER, sent by the grand vizier on the 13th inst. has brought intelligence to the Porte, that a body of from 25 to 30,000 Austrians, intending to pass the Save, were encountered by the pacha of Bosnia, and obliged to retire with the loss of six pieces of cannon, and a great quantity of ammunition; and that the Ottoman troops had the good fortune to possess themselves of the bridge, by which means 10,000 of the enemy who had already passed, were lost. A courier from the pacha of Belgrade, who arrived at the camp of the grand vizier, brought intelligence that a considerable number of Austrian troops had again endeavoured to make themselves masters of the town, but had been repulsed and pursued by the pacha's troops.

A third courier just arrived has brought the important intelligence, that the province of Moldavia was retaken by the hospodar of Wallachia, the prince Maurogeni, principal favourite of the captain pacha. The Porte instantly sent a Capigi Bachi to decorate the prince with a superb pelisse and sabre; and to confer upon him at the same time the title of hospodar of the two principalities of Moldavia and Wallachia.

POLAND, *June* 16.

Our letters from the Crimea inform us, that the captain pacha has made his appearance off Koslow, with an evident intention of making a descent there. Koslow is situated on the west coast of the peninsula, above Batchisari.

The Imperial troops, after having erected batteries in the Polish village of Braha, opposite to Choczim, thought proper to abandon them on the 7th ult.

CARLESCROON, *June* 19.

No squadron was ever equipped from this port with so much celerity and vigour as that now at sea under the command of the duke of Sudermania and vice-admiral de Wrangel. It consists of twelve ships of the line, and five frigates, besides a number of vessels of inferior size; and hardly was it completely manned and victualled, when orders arrived for fitting out six more ships of the line. At Gothenburg, preparations for war are carrying on with equal spirit; and directions have been given to put the port in the best state of defence. For this purpose it is already provided with a numerous garrison, and with large quantities of ammunition and cannon. Every kind of warlike preparation is likewise going forward in the port of Nye-Elsburg.

In the mean time our merchant service is not neglected, for the protection of which the Dolona, the Venus, and Diana, frigates of forty guns each, are fitting out with all expedition.

FRANKFORT, *June* 25.

All our accounts from Berlin agree in this, that there is something secretly going forward at that court. The Imperial minister, it is added, is daily holding long conferences with the king's ministers, at the close of which couriers are dispatched to Vienna.

LONDON, *July* 5.

The cargo of Austrians ears that were carried in triumph through Constantinople, are nailed to the walls of the seraglio; perhaps on purpose for the former owners to come and claim them. The Ottomans say, that there are two pair of ears still, which, if they were in possession of, would add much to the *elegance* of the *tout ensemble*.

Amsterdam is at the expence of 10,000 florins every week, to support a militia to keep the public peace; and 40,000 people are supposed to have emigrated since the commencement of last September.

By a letter from France we learn, that the war-office is shut up exactly in the same manner it usually is when they are at war, and where no person is suffered to enter, but must speak to any one they want therein through the door.

A youth about 16 years of age, who had been to see the unhappy malefactor hanged on Tuesday last, who was condemned for setting his house on fire, returned from the execution extremely thoughtful, and on being questioned as to the cause, said he would first beg to have his question answered. He then asked his father where those people, who died under the gallows, went after death? His father replied to Heaven. Soon after which the youth, without any previous intimation of his design, went up stairs to his own bed-chamber, and having previously left upon the table a paper containing the following sentence:—"Father grieve not, I am gone to Heaven," fastened a cord to the frame of a bed, and was found hanging, by the maid servant, about an hour after. All methods to revive him were tried in vain.

Brittany, which now makes so much opposition to the king's edicts, has peculiar privileges above any other province in France, and arising from peculiar circumstances. On the death of the duke of Brittany, 1488, his daughter, Anne, then become duchess of Brittany, was a prize worth winning by any of the European princes. Brittany being engaged in a war with France, made the Brittons anxious for her marriage with some prince who could ably espouse her quarrel: Maxamilian, king of the Romans, was the person fixed on, and immediately a marriage took place by proxy; it however turned out, that the marriage was not of the advantage expected, Maximilian not being able to succour Brittany, his forces being diverted towards his rebellious subjects in Flanders. Though the French were making daily successes in Brittany, they yet found the Brittons so averse to their government, that even had all the province been in their subjection, it would not have remained so long, so attached were they to Anne; they had recourse to treaty, and endeavoured to persuade Anne as her marriage was not consummated, to have it annulled, and accept of Charles's hand. She refused the offer with disdain, arms were again employed, and Charles, in 1491, invested Rennes, at that time the residence of the duchess, who, assailed on all hands, at last opened the gates, and agreed to espouse the French king. Thus was the annexation of Brittany to France effected; but, previous to the duchess concluding her marriage, she made such stipulations as preserved the Brittons their ancient liberties, and *though* they became a fief to France, *they were not*, nor *were they* to be, governed by *any laws* but their own.

July 8. The emperor's armies in Hungary, Gallicia, Transylvania, the Bannat, Esclavonia and Croatia, consist, they say, of 218,000 men, and including the volunteers, &c. they amount to 275,000 men; the artillery men and bombardiers amount to 7000, 10,000 chasseurs and arquebusiers, 1000 pioneers, 1000 tschaiks or marines, 25,000 men employed as waggoners, 4000 bakers and 2000 surgeons. Each battalion of infantry, and division of cavalry, has six pieces of cannon and a mortar, which amounts for all the battalions and divisions to 1200 cannons and 215 mortars. The battalions and divisions which have been ordered to march since the 14th of April are not included.

The Carron company of Scotland have lately received an order from Petersburgh to furnish one hundred and eighty pieces of cannon, thirty-six pounders, for the use of the empress, which are now completing with the utmost expedition.

July 10. A gentleman of the first connexions in America, assures us it is anxiously the wish of that country to see England engaged in a war with any power whatever, and that the system the candid politicians of that country determine on is, to give their aid to England for the purpose of forming a commercial league with the mother country. In France they are aware of this, and are certain they shall lose America as an ally whenever they break with England.—*Saint James's Chron.*

The prince royal of Denmark has acquired great popularity by the commission which was appointed under his auspices to inquire into the state of the peasantry in Denmark and Norway. The commissioners made their report last month; and their opinion, founded on the observations made by them in the course of their inquiries, is, that the vassalage of the peasants ought to be abolished, and that this useful and numerous body of men, the soul and support of the state, should be made free. His majesty, by the advice of his son, who is in effect the king of Denmark, has adopted the opinion of the commissioners; and the enfranchisement of the Danish peasantry will of course take place in a short time.

July 11. The flames of war are spreading on the continent with great rapidity. Prussia is now likely to be involved. The German ocean seems to have been placed by nature to prevent their communicating to the island of Great-Britain. But the assiduity of the government of late, in their continental schemes, has gone very far towards doing away that inestimable advantage, which we have the good fortune to possess, over all the other European powers. The political sagacity of Mr. Burke pointed out the danger and the impolicy of our connexion with the German states, early in the present session.

The Swedish squadron consists of sixteen sail of the line, besides frigates, and were bound to Finland, to act in conjunction with the prince of Sweden, who is gone with an army of 40,000 men to recover that province from Russia.

Extract of a letter from Paris, July 4.

"Matters still remain in a state of suspence, and the public anxiety on this occasion is very great, beyond all former periods. The ministry is not changed, though that event is expected daily. Monsieur the king's brother, is believed in all things to direct the measures of government; and it is expected, if a change happens, the reins will be put into the hands of one of the blood royal. What may arise from thence time only can determine."

Extract of a letter from Metz, June 16.

"M. Blanchard, our countryman, has just given us a sight of a new experiment. This is his 31st excursion. He had announced many days ago, that he would mount precisely at five o'clock in the evening, accompanied by a lady whose name should be kept a secret till the moment of their departure. It was with the greatest astonishment and surprise, that yesterday, the day for the experiment, the company saw approach the balloon, Mad. de Surmemans Brabançone, led by le Marquis de Journiac de St. Medard, captain of the king's hunters regiment. She entered the boat with wonderful intrepidity, and unusual gaiety. The moment the clock struck four, the two aeronauts set out at the sound of a gun firing, military music, and the loud acclamations of an incredible number of spectators. They were soon out of sight. After an hour's hovering in the upper regions of the air, they directed their descent between the woods of Sorbet and Fontini, three leagues from thence, whence they were reconducted in triumph. M. Blanchard sent, yesterday, into the air, by means of an aerostat of 900 cubic feet, two dogs in a basket. They went two thousand fathoms high. The basket, annexed to a parachute, left the balloon, which lost itself in the air, and descended gently with the two creatures in it. The same evening M. Blanchard and his fair companion went to the play, which had been retarded on their account, and received from the company the applause due to ingenuity, intrepidity and courage."

July 18. The public may be assured of the following very important intelligence:—On the 7th of September last a corvette sailed from Brest with dispatches for Pondicherry; she arrived off that place the 8th of February. No person was permitted to go on shore but a special messenger with the dispatches, and those being delivered, the corvette sailed from the coast the next day. The governor of Pondicherry, on the receipt of the dispatches, sent an officer of distinction to Tippoo Saib, the consequence of which was, that in a few days Tippoo marched with a considerable body of troops, and took possession of an important pass. Upon which general Conway, the commander of the French forces, embarked 1200 Europeans on board two Indiamen, and sailed for Trincomale, of which he thus secured the possession, and positively refused to give it up to the Dutch.

This very interesting intelligence was received by ministers in the very moment when his majesty from the throne was declaring, that he had received pacific assurances from all the neighbouring powers. It was on this business, and not on account of an idle story of an intrigue at Berlin, that the cabinet were so unexpectedly convened, and on which they have met so often since.

It requires the most serious deliberation—However we may be engaged by the letter of the treaty with the Dutch to take part in the preservation of their Indian territories, or however the date of the treaty may affect this particular question, yet our interest in India requires our dispossessing the French of this important post, and there is little doubt but force must be used for that purpose.

Extract of a letter from Petersburgh, June 20.

"You may depend upon it that the Imperial Catharine is neither so indolent nor inglorious as, from certain late untoward circumstances, you seem to suppose her; and in confirmation of this fact, I have to inform you that she is on the eve of executing a project which, if successful, will not only revive her drooping laurels, but tend greatly to accelerate an honourable termination of the war. Of the grand enterprise I allude to, Georgia is to be the scene—and to render it effectual all the hoards of Tartars, who threw themselves upon the protection of Russia about a twelvemonth ago, added to a considerable body of Georgians, and to several thousand Russians, are already on their march to invade the provinces belonging to Turkey on the coast of the Black Sea, which are at present entirely divested of troops. In this expedition the empress has two objects; the one to oblige the captain pacha to separate the grand armament under his command, by attracting his attention to that quarter; and the other to procure an asylum for her fleets in some of the important ports of the Black Sea, where they may not only always be in readiness to annoy the enemy, but have it in their power to obtain fresh provisions, and to land as many troops in the country as may be thought expedient.

The RUSSIAN RESCRIPT having appeared in the public papers, our readers may depend upon the authenticity of the following, which is the answer of the COURT of STOCKHOLM.

Count RAZOUMOUFFSKY, *the Russian envoy at the court of Sweeden, having, on the eighteenth of June, delivered a memorial to the Swedish minister, received some days after, the following RESCRIPT, which was read to him by M. de* BEDOIRE, *master of the ceremonies at the court of Sweden.*

His majesty could not avoid being greatly surprised when he saw, in the note delivered on the 18th of June by Mr. Le count de Razoumouffiky, envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary from the court

of Ruſſia, the manner in which it was attempted to diſtinguiſh between the king and the nation, and the aſſurances given by the empreſs of her diſpoſition in their favour, and of the intereſt which ſhe takes in the preſervation of their tranquillity.

Although, in this language, the king recogniſes principles often divulged by the court of Ruſſia in other countries, his majeſty cannot reconcile ſuch friendly ſentiments on the part of the empreſs, with an inſinuation that tends directly to draw a diſtinction between him and his people, and firmly reſolved never to admit ſuch a principle, he cannot believe that a declaration of that nature was ordered to be made to him by the court of Ruſſia. The king is rather willing to impute it to their miniſter only, reſiding at his court; but, ſurpriſed, as well as hurt, at the language it contains, which is at once irregular and hoſtile to the tranquillity of his kingdom, he cannot, after this moment, acknowledge the count de Razoumouſſky as envoy extraordinary and miniſter plenipotentiary at his court, reſerving himſelf, until his arrival in Finland, to anſwer the empreſs of Ruſſia on the other articles of the declaration by his miniſter at Peterſburgh. Mean while his majeſty finds himſelf obliged to require the departure of count de Razoumouſſky, by announcing to that miniſter that he can no longer treat with him, as having, in his written memorial, offended both the principles of the Swediſh government, and failed in the reſpect due to the perſon of the king.

The attention wherewith the king has honoured this miniſter ever ſince he knew him, ſtrongly marks the regret felt by his majeſty in commanding his departure; and nothing leſs than the powerful reaſons, of his dignity being perſonally offended, and the peace of his dominions rendered liable to be diſturbed by thoſe principles, it was not ſcrupled to avow, could have influenced his majeſty to wiſh the removal of a perſon who has ſuch claims upon his regard, that in ſignifying his intention to the count de Razoumouſſky, (whom he no longer acknowledges a public miniſter,) his majeſty allows him a week to make the neceſſary preparations. The king has alſo given orders for ſhips and every other accommodation that can render his paſſage to St. Peterſburgh convenient, that being the only mark of attention that the preſent circumſtances leave it in his power to ſhew the count de Razoumouſſky.

Copy of a CIRCULAR NOTE delivered by the COURT of SWEDEN to all the FOREIGN MINISTERS, dated STOCKHOLM, June 23, 1788.

While the king, anxious to preſerve a good underſtanding with all his neighbours, neglected nothing in the cultivation of the ſame with the court of Ruſſia; he has been aſtoniſhed to obſerve the little effect which his ſentiments have produced on the miniſter of that power; whoſe language, for ſome months paſt, in his public conduct, ſtill appears to bear the marks of that ſyſtem of diſſention which his predeceſſors tranſmitted to him and which they have perpetually laboured to extend. The king was always willing to deceive himſelf on this point, and wiſhed he could doubt the exiſtence of the efforts made by the Ruſſian envoy, to induce the Swediſh nation to return to thoſe errors which led it aſtray during the times of anarchy, and to diſſeminate anew, in the heart of the ſtate, that ancient ſpirit of diſcord, which Heaven, and his majeſty's paternal care, have happily extinguiſhed; till at length count Razoumouſſky, by his note of the 18th of June, has extinguiſhed all thoſe doubts, the king was ſtill deſirous of preſerving on this ſubject. Amidſt the declarations of the empreſs's friendſhip for the king, with which the note is filled, this miniſter has not heſitated to appeal to others beſides the king. He addreſſed himſelf to all the members of adminiſtration, as well as the nation itſelf, to aſſure them of the ſentiments of his ſovereign, and how much ſhe has their tranquillity at heart. This, Sweden, however, derives ſolely from its proper union; and the king could not but ſee, with the greateſt ſurpriſe, a declaration expreſſed in ſuch terms, diſcerning therein but too much of the policy and language uſed by that miniſter's predeceſſors; who, not content with ſowing diſſentions amongſt his majeſty's ſubjects, wanted to ſet up other authorities in oppoſition to the legitimate power, and to undermine the fundamental laws of the kingdom, by calling in aid of their aſſertions, witneſſes which the form of government cannot recogniſe. It was in vain that his majeſty ſought to reconcile the aſſurances of the friendſhip of the empreſs of Ruſſia on the one ſide, with the appeal to the ſubjects of Sweden on the other. Every miniſter being charged to declare the ſentiment of his maſters, ought not, nor can announce them to any other than the ſovereign, by whom his credentials have been accepted. All other authority is unknown to him, and every other witneſs ſuperfluous. Such is the law, ſuch is the conſtant practice in all the courts of Europe, and this rule has never ceaſed to be obſerved, unleſs when by captious inſinuations the only aim has been (as heretofore in Sweden) to embroil matters, to confound every thing, and again to ſet up thoſe barriers which form the diſtinction between the nation and their ſovereign. Thus hurt in a way moſt nearly affecting his dignity, and no longer hearing from count Razoumouſſky the language of a miniſter, hitherto charged to convey the friendly ſentiments of the empreſs; but, at the ſame time, unable to conceive, that expreſſions ſo contrary to the fundamental laws of Sweden, and which, by dividing the king and the ſtate, would render every ſubject culpable, were preſcribed to him, the king chooſes rather to attribute them to the private ſentiments of the Ruſſian miniſter, of which he has given ſufficient indication, than to the orders of his court. In the mean time, after what has paſſed, after declarations as contrary to the happineſs of the kingdom, as to the laws, and reſpect due to the king, his majeſty can no longer conſider the count Razoumouſſky in the quality of a miniſter, and finds himſelf obliged to require his departure from Sweden, confiding to his ambaſſador at the court of Ruſſia, the anſwer to the other points which have been juſt communicated.

Nothing leſs than ſo direct an attack on the dignity of the king, on the part of count Razoumouſſky could induce his majeſty to inſiſt on the departure of one, whom he has honoured with particular regard.—But ſeeing himſelf reduced to ſuch neceſſity with regret, his majeſty, in conſequence of his former good will, has endeavoured to ſoften the diſagreeable nature of this event, by the care he takes in regard to count Razoumouſſky's departure, and by the attention that will be paid to the time, and to his accommodation in his voyage to St. Peterſburgh.

His majeſty wiſhing that the diplomatic body ſhould be acquainted with the foregoing occurrences, the ſenator count Oxenſtierna has the honour of communicating the ſame.

Signed, OXENSTIERNA.

SPRINGFIELD, *September* 17.

CURIOUS EGG.

Some time in the courſe of the laſt week, a premature hen's egg was found by a lad, in a barn belonging to Mr. Zenos Parſons, inn-holder in this town. It has the appearance of two eggs in union with each other. The parts, each of which was nearly as large as a common egg, are oval and covered with a flexible tegument. The ſkin which unites them, is about half an inch in circumference, and a quarter of an inch long—has a paſſage through the middle of it, which ſerves for a communication of the white to the yolk. The idea of its being a double egg might no doubt be admitted, could more than one yolk be diſcovered. One of the parts contains the yolk, with a part of the white, which ſeems to ſurround it much in the ſame manner as in common eggs; but there is not the leaſt appearance of a yolk in the other. It is in fine a production rarely exhibited by nature, and we fancy is not unworthy a place in the arcanum of our juſtly celebrated univerſity.

PROVIDENCE, *September* 20.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman at Marrietta (Muſkingum) to his friend in this town, dated Auguſt 17.

"I am highly pleaſed with the fertility and ſituation of this enchanting country.—The climate is exceedingly mild and healthy, though we have had much rain of late, which has rendered our temporary dwellings a little uncomfortable.

"After the attack on our guard ſome time ſince up the river, the ſtores were brought down, and depoſited at Fort Harmer. Six Indians are confined at the fort, ſome of which are known to have been of the party. Governor St. Clair ſent out to demand ſatisfaction of the chiefs for this inſult, and received a very favourable anſwer.——Waſhington, an Indian, has ſince given the general ſome further intelligence that is favourable. He ſays there can be no doubt but that the nations in general will attend the treaty—that they are inclined for peace, and ſo declared themſelves, except the Tawawas, Chippawas and ſome renegadoes, that live with the Shawaneſe—theſe made objections, but were told by the others that they had long been wiſhing for a treaty to make a firm peace—it was now offered them, and if they did not accept it, they might never have another opportunity. After this they acquieſced.—There is a great appearance of the treaty taking place in the courſe of a few weeks.—The Indians are coming in daily, and expreſs their hearty wiſhes that the buſineſs may end in a happy and laſting peace, to the mutual ſatisfaction and advantage of all people."

NEW-YORK, *September* 19.

By captain Sever, who arrived at Boſton a few days ſince from Ruſſia, we learn, that the Semiramis of the north—the empreſs of Ruſſia, has forbidden, under the ſevereſt penalties, any foreigner or native in her dominions, diſcourſing or writing on the ſubjects of political affairs; from which circumſtance it is difficult to obtain any information of the ſituation of affairs between the Ruſſians and the Turks. Capt. Sever ſpoke the Swediſh fleet, on their cruiſe; it conſiſted of 20 ſail of the line, beſides ſmaller veſſels. But hoſtilities between the Swedes and Ruſſians have not yet been declared.

For the encouragement of American literature and genius, it is reſolved by the corporation of Providence college, that a particular part of the library room ſhould be appropriated for the purpoſe of depoſiting the works of American authors.

PHILADELPHIA, *September* 29.

Extract of a letter from Dublin, May 19.

"Tueſday evening a young lady of this city, who had taken up the dangerous cuſtom of keeping pins in her mouth, fell aſleep in her chair, with ſome of thoſe diminutive weapons under her tongue. A friend coming in, and tapping her on the forehead, ſhe ſtarted, and ſwallowed ſix middling pins. The pain produced by this accident made her ſenſible of her error. A ſurgeon was ſent for, and her throat examined, but fortunately all had gone down. A ſtrong vomit being inſtantly procured and taken, the pins were ſoon evacuated to the number ſwallowed, and the lady is perfectly reſtored, with only a remaining ſoreneſs in the throat and ſtomach, for which proper remedies are ordered. This accident, which might have proved fatal, ſhould be a warning to ſuch unguarded females as make too free with pins and needles, which too many are apt to thruſt in their mouths, without conſidering, that if the heads happen not to go downwards, and continue in that poſition, there can be little chance of getting them out of the ſtomach, and a lingering torture, attended by certain death, muſt be the inevitable conſequence."

ANNAPOLIS, *October* 9.

Allen Quynn and Gabriel Duvall, Eſquires, are elected delegates to repreſent this city in the enſuing general aſſembly.

BY HIS EXCELLENCY

WILLIAM SMALLWOOD, Eſquire,

GOVERNOR of MARYLAND,

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS it has been repreſented by Nathan Soper, of Prince-George's county, planter, that ſome time in the month of October laſt, he had a tobacco houſe, full of tobacco and other property, conſumed by fire in the night; that on the evening preceding this misfortune, a tobacco houſe belonging to Notley Young, Eſq; full of tobacco, in which the ſaid Soper (being manager for Mr. Young) was intereſted, had likewiſe been deſtroyed by fire; that further, on the twenty-eighth day of Auguſt laſt he loſt ſeven ſtacks of wheat and rye in the ſame manner, and at the ſame time he had a new tobacco houſe, containing a quantity of packed tobacco and other valuable property, ſet on fire, which laſt he by a timely diſcovery prevented from being conſumed: And whereas the ſaid Soper declares himſelf firmly perſuaded that theſe misfortunes have not been occaſioned by accident, but that they have proceeded from ſome perſon or perſons maliciouſly bent on effecting his ruin. I have therefore, with the advice of the council, thought fit to iſſue this my proclamation, offering a reward of SIXTY DOLLARS for the diſcovery of the perpetrator or perpetrators of the aforeſaid outrages, ſo that he, ſhe or they, may be convicted thereof.

GIVEN under the ſeal of the ſtate of Maryland, this thirtieth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-eight.

2 W. SMALLWOOD.

By his Excellency's command,

T. JOHNSON, jun. Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE STATE.

October 4, 1788.

THE MEMBERS of the SOCIETY of the CINCINNATI, in the State of Maryland, are hereby informed, that the 17th Inſtant is appointed for a Meeting of the ſaid Society, at Annapolis; on which Day I have it in Charge, earneſtly to requeſt their punctual Attendance.

1 JOHN KILTY, Secretary.

Calvert county, September 5, 1788.

THE veſtry and pariſhioners of All Saints pariſh, intend to petition the general aſſembly, at their next ſeſſion, for an act to aſſeſs the pews of the church for the maintenance of a miniſter. 8 w

Signed, per order,

1 SAMUEL MEAD, Regiſter.

Chas. Williamſon

September 25, 1788.

MR. JOHN EVERSFIELD died in my debt, to the amount of 24,640 lb crop tobacco, and due in the year 1782, and, at the ſale of his perſonal eſtate, May 2, 1786, I bought articles to the amount of thirty-ſix pounds ten ſhillings currency, and gave the eſtate credit for the money, not knowing but captain Fielder Bowie, who acted for the widow, would agree to it. Some time afterwards, captain Fielder Bowie aſked me for my bond for the above ſum. I agreed to his propoſal, and gave him my bond, payable nine months after the above date; which was the time allotted thoſe who had purchaſed at the ſale to make payment. Afterwards we, who are the creditors, and have not got executions againſt the aforeſaid eſtate, thought it proper to petition the chancellor for a ſale of the real eſtate, as the perſonal eſtate was not ſufficient for to pay the debt; I likewiſe mentioned my claim on the back of the petition, making mention of the above ſum received of the perſonal eſtate, which I gave my bond for. Captain Fielder Bowie told me ſometime ago, he would give my bond to ſome of the creditors who had got executions againſt the above-mentioned eſtate. This is therefore to give notice to all perſons having claims againſt the aforeſaid eſtate, not to receive my bond, for I will not pay it. As witneſs my hand,

10 7/6 DANIEL M'CLIESH.

WILL be RUN FOR, on the 22d of October, over a good courſe near PISCATAWAY, a SUBSCRIPTION PURSE of TWENTY POUNDS, free for any Horſe, Mare or Gelding,—Heats Two Miles each—Weight for Age, agreeably to the Rules of the Annapolis Jockey Club.—On the Day following, will be run for, over the ſame Courſe, a SUBSCRIPTION PURSE of TEN POUNDS, free as above,—Heats Two Miles each. The Horſes to be entered with Colonel Beanes, the Evening preceding the Day of their Running. Subſcribers to pay One Shilling in the Pound Entrance, and Non-ſubſcribers double. Judges will be appointed to determine all Diſputes.

10 7/6

October 2, 1788.

THE subscribers having been appointed, by the honourable the chancellor, trustees for GILBERT HAMILTON SMITH, hereby give notice, that they will attend at Mr. Mann's, in Annapolis, on the 24th day of October, for the purpose of receiving claims against the said Smith, and request that the creditors will bring or send in their accounts on that day, that they may be enabled to proceed with the business.

SAMUEL CHEW,
WILLIAM KILTY.

1

A LIST of LETTERS remaining in the Post-Office Annapolis, which, if not taken up before the fifth day of January next, will be sent to the General Post-Office, as dead letters.

SARAH ALLEN, Mount-Airy; Armstrong and Taylor, George Asquith, Saint Mary's county.

John Beall, Osborn Brashears, Prince-George's county; George or Thomas Brown, near Upper-Marlborough; Jonathan Burch, Piscataway; William Benson, Somerset county; reverend John Bowie, near Cambridge; Daniel Ballard, Princess-Anne; John Beale Bordley; Basil Brown, Wye-river.

Mr. Callahan, Nicholas Carroll, William Clark, Annapolis; Sampson Craig, Hunting creek; Thomas Cosby, Marlborough; The Commander of the ship William, lying in Patuxent; Thomas Cashel, Kent-Island; Richard Carns, Saint Mary's county; Daniel Carroll, of Duddington, Prince-George's county; Walter Brooke Cox, Nottingham; G. B. Cousin (2), Thomas Crackles, Port-Tobacco; Judith Chase, near Port-Tobacco.

Mr. Davison, Patt. Dunn, Annapolis.

Robert Ewing, Patrick Ewing, Cambridge.

Reverend Colin Ferguson, Washington college; Peregrine Fitzhugh, Kent-Island; William Fitzhugh, William Fitzhugh, jun. Calvert county; Thomas Freeman (2), Saint Mary's county.

Alexander Gunn, Annapolis; Andrew Garaty, Upper-Marlborough; Neut Germain, Piscataway; Lansdail Godfrey, near Port-Tobacco; Joshua Gregg, care of Rinaldo Johnson, Aquasco Mills; Thomas Grahame, Lower-Marlborough; Adam Gray, Queen-Anne's county.

Mrs. Hesselius (2), John Harris, Annapolis; Dr. Leonard Hollyday (2), Nottingnam; William Hobkirk, near Nottingham; Joseph Hancock, Dr. Leonard Hollyday, sen. care of Frank Leeke, Upper-Marlborough; Clement Hill (2), near Upper-Marlborough; Thomas Harwood, 3d, (2), Lower-Marlborough; Thomas Haskins, Dorsett county.

Rinaldo Johnson, Prince-George's county; Daniel Jenifer, Charles county.

John Knapp (2), Annapolis; John King, near Port-Tobacco; William Kelly, Caroline county.

Captain Joseph Leonard, Patuxent; Cornelia Lansdale, Queen-Anne; George R. Leiper, Piscataway; James Leonard, Port-Tobacco; John D. Lock, Saint Mary's county; John Laing, Vienna.

John Meara, Annapolis; William M'Leod, Benedict; Alexander M'Callum, Talbot county; William M'Bryde, David M'Grath, Somerset county.

David Osborn, Port-Tobacco.

Thomas Pownall, Edward Poole, Gershom Patton, Annapolis; Dr. Robert Pottinger, Prince-George's county; William Pierce (2), Lower-Marlborough.

John Rogers, Henry Ridgely, John Randall (3), captain Nathaniel Richardson, Annapolis; William Richardson, Caroline county.

John Shanks, Annapolis; Solomon Sparrow, Queen-Anne; Peter Savary, Prince-George's county; Alexander Scott (2), Port-Tobacco; Thomas Skinner, Somerset county.

Elizabeth Topping, Annapolis; Samuel Tyler, Prince-George's county; John Bapt. Thompson, Charles county; Dekar Thompson, Caroline county.

Elie Vallotte, care of William Brogden, near Queen-Anne.

Mr. Wilmot, John Rae Wright, Elizabeth Wright, Mary Watson, care of Thomas Rutland, Annapolis; Charles Warfield, near Annapolis; William Welch, Anne-Arundel county; Eleanor Wrightson, Prince-George's county; John Weems, Upper-Marlborough; reverend John Weems, Port-Tobacco; John Weems, Calvert county; David Wilson, Worcester county.

Nicholas Young, Piscataway.

F. GREEN, D. P. M.

*** All persons sending to the Post-Office for letters are requested to send the Money, as none will be delivered without.

1

Calvert county, September 1, 1788.

THE creditors of Mr. Thomas Grahame are once more requested to bring in their accounts legally authenticated, on Saturday the 27th instant, as attendance will be given on that day at the house of Mr. Docket, in Lower-Marlborough, for the purpose of receiving the same.

CHARLES WILLIAMSON,
JOHN SPICKNALL, } Trustees.

9X

September 16, 1788.

NOTICE is hereby given, that application will be made to the general assembly of Maryland, at their next session, to pass a law to establish the general court for the eastern shore of this state at the town of Talbot, in Talbot county, and to repeal so much of the act of February, 1777, as orders the said eastern shore court to be held at Talbot court-house until a town shall be laid out at Dover, and a court-house and prison there erected, after which the said court for the eastern shore shall be for ever held at Dover.

2

Wants Employment,

A YOUNG MAN who has been regularly bred to the mercantile business, is a good accomptant, writes a fair hand, and can be well recommended. Apply to JOHN GWINN, Esquire, Annapolis, or to Messieurs NICHOLAS and VALENTINE PEERS, merchants, Port-Tobacco.

10X

COMMITTED to my custody, negro WILLIAM ALLWELL, alias JEM, a lusty young fellow, says he is a free man, and that he served his time, part with colonel Thurston, and the other part with his son Robert Thurston, of Gloucester county, in Virginia. His owner, or owners, if any, are desired to take him away in two months from the date hereof, or he will be sold for his fees.

DAVID STEUART, Sheriff of Anne-Arundel county.

August 5, 1788. 2X

Annapolis, September 26, 1788.

JUST IMPORTED

In the ship WILLING TOM, captain GEORGE JEFFERY, from LONDON, and for sale, on the most reasonable terms, for

CASH OR COUNTRY PRODUCE, by

JOHN PETTY, and Co.

A general assortment of merchandize suitable for the present and approaching season.

2

By virtue of a writ of *fieri facias*, to me directed, will be SOLD, on Monday the 13th October, 1788, at 12 o'clock, A. M. on the premises,

ALL the right of FURNIVALL and GEROCK, in the two following TRACTS of LAND, viz. CHARLES's PURCHASE, containing seventy acres, and GOSNALL's ADVENTURE, containing 100 acres, lying and being near the Head of Magothy river, in Anne-Arundel county, taken as the property of —— Furnivall and —— Gerock, and to be sold to satisfy a debt due West and Haxall, merchants of Baltimore.

DAVID STEUART, Sheriff of Anne-Arundel county.

2X

To be SOLD to the highest bidder, at the plantation of the late ROBERT DAVIDG, on Saturday the 25th of October, if fair, if not the next fair day, Sunday excepted, in order to discharge his just debts,

SEVERAL valuable NEGROES and STOCK, consisting of black cattle, horses, sheep and hogs; also a quantity of Indian corn, rye and wheat. The terms of sale to be made known on the day of sale.

JOSHUA YATES, Acting Executor of ROBERT DAVIDG.

2

Calvert county, September 25, 1788.

THE subscriber being appointed by the honourable chancellor of Maryland trustee for BAZIL WILLIAMSON, of said county, an insolvent debtor, requests all persons indebted to the said Bazil Williamson to make immediate payment, and all those who have claims are desired to exhibit them legally authenticated by the fifteenth day of October next, otherwise they cannot be entitled to a dividend. I shall attend at Lower-Marlborough for that purpose.

WILLIAM LYLES.

2X

Cæcil county gaol, September 18, 1788.

THE subscriber hereby gives notice, that he intends to petition the honourable the general assembly at November session, that a law may pass for liberating him from confinement, for debts which he is not able to pay.

ISAAC REYNOLDS.

2

Sept. 1, 1788.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the vestry of Saint Peter's parish in Talbot county, intend to petition the next general assembly for an act to confirm the title of three acres of land, whereon the church stands, to the said vestry and their successors for ever.

JOSEPH MARTIN, Register.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the vestry of Saint Margaret's, Westminster parish, intend to petition the general assembly of Maryland for a law to empower them to apply the rents arising from the glebes of the said parish towards payment of a debt due from the said parish to the reverend William Hanna, late of the said parish, deceased. 8w

Signed, per order,

Sept. 2, 1788. BENJAMIN FISH, Register.

September 15, 1788.

To be LET or SOLD,

THE HOUSE or TENEMENT which Mr. JAMES MACKUBIN lately occupied.

To be SOLD,

A HEALTHY NEGRO WOMAN, forty-five years of age, with her daughter, a handy mulatto girl, nine years of age; the woman can wash and iron extremely well, is a tolerable cook, and remarkably cleanly, she can milk, and perfectly understands the management of a dairy; when young she was accustomed to wait at table, and to act as house maid; she is rather too fond of spirituous liquors, but would prove a valuable servant to a person living at a distance from town; the girl is clever and capable of learning any thing. On payment of one third of the price, credit will be given for the residue.

Apply to Mr. JAMES MACKUBIN or SAMUEL RIDOUT, in Annapolis.

4X

FOR SALE,

THE following property lying in the city of Annapolis, formerly belonging to JAMES MACKUBIN, late of PHILADELPHIA, deceased, to wit: one moiety of lot No. 51, lying on South-East-street, on which there is a good brick house, with other valuable and necessary improvements; the lot is agreeably situated, and is in a public and in an healthy part of the town, and of course convenient to the transacting of business in almost any line; and lot No. 72, lying on Church and Francis streets, whereon there are two good brick houses, one of which is calculated for two tenements, and to each of which tenements, as likewise to the other house, there are sundry necessary out improvements, and on which there is also a small framed house; this lot lies in a part of the town much frequented, and is conveniently situated to the carrying on the mercantile business, or any other kind; the whole of this lot will be sold together, or divided, as will best suit the purchasers. For terms apply to the subscriber, living in George-town.

JAMES LINGAN.

2

Alexandria, September 1, 1788.

THE subscribers for shares in the PATOWMACK COMPANY, are called upon to pay into the hands of Mr. WILLIAM HARTSHORNE, treasurer to said company, on or before the 10th day of October next, five pounds *per cent.* on each and every share subscribed by them respectively.

GEORGE WASHINGTON, President.

THOMAS JOHNSON,
THOMAS S. LEE,
GEORGE GILPIN,
JOHN FITZGERALD, } Directors.

N. B. The PRESIDENT and DIRECTORS think necessary to inform the SUBSCRIBERS, that it is with the greatest reluctance they make this additional call, and that nothing but the apprehension of suspending the work at this favourable season could induce them to it. They have reason to flatter themselves that no other demand will be made until all the delinquent subscribers are compelled to comply with those already made, as every necessary step has been taken to this end, agreeably to the laws passed in the states of Virginia and Maryland for that purpose.

2

Annapolis, October 1, 1788.

OBSERVING a number of debtors to the state, as well as other individuals, are often in want of some kind of certificates, and at a loss where to get them on proper terms for their money, and the holders of certificates when in want of cash for them, are likewise at a loss for a market, for want of some particular place to apply, where they could be on a certainty of getting an exchange on reasonable terms.

The subscriber being well acquainted with the different kind of certificates and their passing value, has induced him to offer his service to provide, and inform those that do or may want, that by lodging the needful he will supply them with certificates, or cash, at a short notice, on reasonable terms, on paying a moderate commission. There being a number, who have payments to make in certificates to the treasury, that live at a considerable distance, many of whom wish to make payments as they provide money for that purpose, are prevented for want of the certificates, and not being convenient to ride 50 or 100 miles to get them and make a small payment; those who are thus situated that wish to be provided with certificates, and have them placed to their credit, by forwarding the money at any time may depend on being furnished with certificates, and payment made to those orders, on as good terms as if they were present, by their

Humble servant,

JAMES WILLIAMS.

2

Annapolis, Cornhill-street, October 1, 1788.

BERIAH MAYBURY

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he still continues to keep private entertainment for gentlemen travellers and others, where yearly and temporary boarders and lodgers may be liberally accommodated, with care and attendance. He also stables horses, keeps corn, oats, hay and fodder.

2

WAS DROWNED, from on board the schooner Friendship, belonging to Matthias Travers, on the 6th day of this instant, off the Bodkin, THOMAS AIRY, a young man, about twenty years of age, and about five feet three or four inches high, his cloathing is difficult to describe, as it is probable, when the vessel sunk, he might have partly stripped himself; his coat was a pale blue cloth. Whoever should find the body of the said Thomas Airy, and carry him to Secretary-creek, up Great Choptank river, and give notice to the subscriber, living near that place, shall receive a reward of Ten Pounds, and all expences paid, by

JOHN GOSLIN.

3X

Annapolis, April 19, 1788.

THE subscribers being very anxious that an immediate payment of what is due them be made, that they may be enabled to comply with their engagements; in order to facilitate the collection, have appointed Mr. JOHN WATKINS, to call upon those who have accounts with them, for the same, whose receipt shall be good; they beg that this notice be particularly attended to, as it is not in their power to give any further indulgence; those who incline to call and pay at Annapolis, will always find a person at their late store on the Dock, or at the treasury-office, ready to receive.

THOMAS and BENJAMIN HARWOOD.

20

NOTICE is hereby given to all whom it may concern, that the subscriber intends to petition the general assembly of Maryland, at their next sitting, to confirm his title to a TRACT of LAND, lying in Worcester county, late in the possession of William Hopewell, deceased.

Aug. 18, 1788. 6 LAMBERT HYLAND.

Port-Tobacco, September 19, 1788.

RAN away from the subscriber, a Man Slave named GEORGE, a dark mulatto, about six feet high, slender made, with large and long arms, he has lost one of his fore teeth, and has several remarkable scars on his face and neck, occasioned by being severely wounded with a knife by a fellow who attempted to murder him some time ago, one of these scars is below his under lip, another from the upper part of his right cheek across his neck, and two others across the back part of his neck, which have left marks resembling those frequently seen on Africans; he had on and took with him an ofnabrig coat and overalls, London brown superfine broad cloth coat, a white linen jacket, two striped jackets, a pair of yellow lasting breeches, white and brown thread stockings, white and brown linen shirts, new shoes and metal buckles. Whoever apprehends and delivers the said slave to me at this place, shall receive TWELVE DOLLARS REWARD, including therein all charges whatever.

3 J. H. STONE.

Bennett's-Point, Queen-Anne's county, August 15, 1788.

Pursuant to the last will of Richard Bennett Lloyd, Esq; deceased, will be SOLD, on the premises, on Monday the 3d day of November next,

ALL that valuable body of LAND, containing upwards of four thousand acres, lying in Talbot county, on the Head of Wye river, and adjoining Wye mill. It will be laid off in lots, from 300 to 500 acres each. Also, on the same day will be exposed to sale, a number of valuable SLAVES, consisting of men, women, boys and girls, and the stock of cattle, horses, hogs and plantation utensils. The whole will be sold on credit, at PUBLIC SALE, and further particulars made known on the day, by

JAMES HINDMAN, Trustee and Adm.

N. B. Should the day appointed for the sale of the above property prove wet, it will commence on the next fair day, and continue till the whole be sold. The sale will begin at 11 o'clock, on the farm adjoining Wye church. 4

Charles county, September 9, 1788.

To be SOLD, to the highest bidder, on the premises, on Saturday the 18th day of October next,

A CONVENIENT DWELLING HOUSE, in Piscataway-town, situated on a lot of near two acres, in an advantageous part of the town for any kind of public business; also ten or fifteen unimproved lots, containing one acre each; for the improved lot 3 years, and for those unimproved 2 years, credit will be given. Bond with interest and approved security will be required. 4

B. REEDER.

September 17, 1788.

By order of the general assembly, will be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, for READY MONEY ONLY, on the stadt-house hill, in Annapolis, on Tuesday the 21st of October next, if fair, if not the next fair day,

A QUANTITY of OLD MILITARY STORES, consisting of Tents, Old Iron, Spike Nails, Crow Bars, Axes, Camp Kettles, 56 lb Weights, Old Rigging, some Soldiers Cloathing, a few Sets of Damaged Harness, a Large Ducking Piece, some Salt-Petre, and a few small Gun Flints fit for Fowling Pieces. 4

C. RICHMOND, Aud. Gen.

Charles county, September 18, 1788.

THE subscriber, being appointed by the honourable chancellor of Maryland, trustee in behalf of the creditors of John Haislope, of Henry, an insolvent debtor, hereby requests all persons indebted to the said Haislope to make immediate payment, and those who have claims to exhibit the same, that a just dividend may be made, and the business speedily closed.

3X WALTER STONE, Trustee.

WHEREAS I made over a tract of land, lying on Little Choptank river, in Dorchester county, to William Steele, for which I received his bond, which he never discharged, and who since died insolvent; I therefore do give this public notice, that I intend to petition the general assembly for an act to pass, confirming my title to the said tract of land. 4

ROBERT WILSON.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscribers intend to petition the general assembly, at their next session, to pass an act to aid certain defects in the conveyance of the northernmost moiety of a tract of land in Cæcil county, called MORRIS's NECK.

August 15, 1788. WILLIAM M. TENNENT, FRANCIS BAKER. 5

Anne-Arundel county, September 24, 1788.

To be SOLD, for CASH, at PUBLIC AUCTION, on Tuesday the 14th of October, at the plantation of the late William Davis, near Queen-Anne,

ALL the personal estate of the said Willam Davis, consisting of negroes, stock and household furniture.

3X ALLEN QUYNN, Administrator.

Charles county, September 12, 1788.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber (a security for SAMUEL LUCKET, late inspector of Chicksmuxon warehouse, and since an insolvent debtor,) intends to petition the general assembly of Maryland, at their next meeting, for an act authorising him to sell, and apply to his own use, two hogsheads of tobacco in said warehouse, inspected some time in the year 1785, and not as yet called for, to contribute, in some degree, to his relief from that heavy expence which he has been at in consequence of his surety-ship. 4 BEN. BENSON.

NOTICE is hereby given, that application will be made to the next general assembly, for the removal of PILES WAREHOUSE, on Piles creek, in Charles county, from where it now stands to Wood Land point, on said creek. Application will also be made to the next general assembly, by the sufferers, to be reimbursed their loss on eighty-five hogsheads of tobacco, damaged in said Piles warehouse by the fresh and tide on the 24th of July last.

Notice is likewise hereby given, that application will be made to the next general assembly, for the removal of CEDAR POINT WAREHOUSE, in Charles county, from where it now stands to a place of safety. Application will also be made to the next general assembly, by the sufferers, to be reimbursed their loss on eighty hogsheads, or more, of tobacco damaged in the said Cedar Point warehouse, and washed out of the same by the tide on the 24th day of July last. 5

ANNAPOLIS RACES.

THE JOCKEY CLUB PURSE of SIXTY GUINEAS, will be run for, over the course near Annapolis, on Thursday, the 30th day of October next, agreeable to the rules established by the said club, with this alteration only, that any person, not a member of the club, may start his horse, mare or gelding, for the purse, on paying one shilling in the pound entrance, and be entitled to the purse should his horse win.

Those members of the club, who have not paid up their subscriptions fully, are requested to pay their respective balances to Mr. George Mann, at any time before the race, who is empowered to receive the same.

The members of the club are requested to meet at Mr. George Mann's, at nine o'clock the morning of the race. 7

SAMUEL HUTTON, COACH-MAKER,

BEGS leave to inform the public, and his old customers, that he has supplied himself with a parcel of valuable timber of the best quality, and materials, for the carriage making business in all its various branches, and most approved fashions. Those who please to favour him with their commands, will be kindly received and punctually attended to, in Cornhill-street, Annapolis. 3

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

Port-Tobacco, November 2, 1787.

RAN away a few weeks ago, a negro man named BOB, about six feet high, a dark mulatto, by trade a blacksmith, and is also a rough carpenter; his cloaths are unknown, as he took with him a variety; when he speaks it is in a loud voice and very earnest; he has a scar in the palm of his right hand. He had in his possession a written permission, signed by Walter Pye, his former master, to hire himself wherever he chose, and with this and a forged pass it is likely he will endeavour to make his escape; he was seen at Annapolis during the last races, and went towards Baltimore. Whoever will secure the said negro Bob, so that we get him again, shall receive the above reward, on application to major John Swan of Baltimore, Robert Couden, Esq; of Annapolis, or the subscribers.

J. H. STONE, and Co.

N. B. All masters of vessels are warned not to take him on board their vessels. 5

September 23, 1788.

By virtue of writs of *venditioni exponas*, to me directed from the general court for the western shore of the state of Maryland, will be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, at the dwelling plantation of Thomas Rutland, of Edmund, on Friday the 10th of October,

AN ELEGANT CHARRIOT with two sets of harness, a phaeton with two sets of ditto, a four wheel sulkey, a sofa, and twelve mahogany chairs with silk damask bottoms, and sundry negroes, consisting of men, boys and girls, taken in execution as the property of THOMAS RUTLAND, and to be sold to satisfy a debt due JAMES GORDON HERON; and also sundry negroes, consisting of men, women, boys and girls, taken in execution as the property of said Rutland, and to be sold to satisfy a debt due BENNETT CHEW; if not sold on that day, the sale will continue from day to day until the whole of the property, or as much as will settle the above executions, is sold. The sale will actually begin on the day unless the above executions are settled.

3X DAVID STEUART, Sheriff of Anne-Arundel county.

September 24, 1788.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends petitioning the next general assembly of Maryland, for a charter for a fair to be held at Warwick, in Cæcil county.

3X DANIEL CHARLES HEATH.

August 25, 1788.

To be SOLD to the highest bidder, on the premises, on Thursday the 20th of November, if fair, if not the next fair day,

A VALUABLE TRACT of LAND, belonging to Francis Lewis Taney, being in Saint Mary's county, on the western shore of Patuxent river, together with another tract adjoining, (also some negroes,) the whole contains between 9 hundred and a thousand acres and is part of DELABROOKE MANOR, except about ninety acres of the Reserve; there is on the said land, a good dwelling house, barn, and several other convenient houses, situated on the river, and certainly is equal to any for fishing and water-fowling; it is fertile, well timbered, and produces remarkably kind; near half the land is in woods, and abounds in good water and fruit-trees of excellent sorts, besides apple and peach orchards; this seat would afford many good meadows with very little expence and trouble; the whole is in good repair, and rented for the next year ensuing.—Such as are inclined to purchase may observe, that one fourth of the purchase money must be paid on the day of sale, and the balance thereof on bond with approved security, payable in three payments, one third on the twentieth day of November, seventeen hundred and eighty-nine, one third that day twelve months, and the balance on the twentieth of November, seventeen hundred and ninety-one.—Whoever purchases the said land shall have immediate possession given, with the advantages and profits arising from the next year's rent.—The sale will begin at one o'clock.—Any person inclinable to purchase by private contract may apply to

6 RAPHAEL TANEY, Attorney for FRANCIS LEWIS TANEY.

August 22, 1788.

THE subscriber, being appointed by the honourable the chancellor of the state of Maryland trustee in behalf of the creditors of Alexander Ogg, of Calvert county, once more requests all those indebted to the said Ogg, on bond, note or otherwise, to make immediate payment, and those who have any demands against said Ogg, are desired to produce the same, properly attested, on or before the 14th day of October next. On said day will be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, at Hunting-town, if fair, if not, the next fair day, and continue from day to day until all is sold, the REAL and PERSONAL ESTATE of the said Ogg, consisting of one LOT, and the valuable improvements thereon, where the said Ogg now resides, which is an excellent stand for either the merchant or tavern-keeper, having a well finished dwelling house, 28 feet by 20, two rooms above and two below, with a cellar under the whole, lately walled in, likewise a kitchen joining the dwelling house, and several out houses; also a complete store house joining the dwelling house, the same dimensions as the dwelling house, with a good store room and compting room, and two rooms above; also one other LOT, nearly adjoining, with a framed stable thereon, sufficient for twelve horses; likewise six acres meadow ground, horses, cattle, household and kitchen furniture, one negro man, and one negro woman, &c. The above property is to be sold upon the following terms, to wit: one half of the purchase money, with legal interest thereon, to be paid in one year from the day of sale, and the other half of the purchase money, with legal interest thereon, to be paid in two years from the day of sale, Bonds, with good security, must be given by the purchasers. The real property will be conveyed to the purchasers upon full payment of the purchase money, and interest. 6 w

6X JOHN WOOLF, Trustee.

Nottingham, Sept. 22, 1788.

THE subscriber, having full power to settle the business of de DRUSINA, RIDDER and CLERK, in America, requests, that all persons indebted to them will settle their accounts without delay, and discharge the same, as a longer indulgence cannot be given. He hopes that the persons whom it may concern will attend to this notice; if neglected, suits will be commenced against them at the ensuing courts, without respect to persons. Constant attendance will be given at Nottingham, by Mr. ROBERT YOUNG, or

3X JAMES CLERK.

September 1, 1788.

THE subscribers mean to petition the next general assembly to make good a title to one thousand acres of land, lying in Baltimore county, given by the state of Maryland to their respective wives.

THOMAS H. HANSON, HORATIO BELT. 5

September 9, 1788.

THE subscriber intends to petition the next general assembly after this notice has been published eight weeks, to pass a law in order to remedy a defect in a deed of conveyance from Elizabeth Nally to Barton Brawner, Henry Brawner and William Brawner.

JOHN CORNISH BRAWNER, son and heir at law to Henry Brawner. 5

NOTICE is hereby given, that the justices of Dorchester county intend to prefer a petition to the next general assembly of Maryland, to make the road which leads from Talbot-town to Akers's ferry a public road. Sept. 10, 1788. 5

ANNAPOLIS:
PRINTED by FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.